



### **Supporting Research On Climate Friendly Transport**

## REACT

Grant Agreement Number 233984

## Boating and Canal Navigation as Climate-friendly Transport





Project Title	Supporting Research On Climate Friendly Transport
Project Acronym	REACT
Grant Agreement No	233984
Start date	01 August 2009
Project Duration	24 months
Deliverable	
Status	
Work Package	WP6
Work Package Leader	FTTE
Responsible Task Leader	Zoran Radmilović
Contributor/s	Vladislav Maraš, Krsta Pašković
Dissemination Level	Public





1	Coventry University Enterprises Ltd (Coordinator)	CUE	UK
2	Wuppertal Institute for Climate, Environment and Energy	WI	Germany
3	Geolmaging Ltd	GEO	Cyprus
4	Poliedra - Centri di Conoscenza e Formazione del Politecnico di Milano	POLIE DRA	Italy
5	Arachni Olokliromenes Efarmoges Pliroforikis kai Rompotikis EPE	ARC	Greece
6	University of Belgrade, Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering	FTTE	Serbia
7	University of Rijeka	PFRI	Croatia
8	Cardiff University	CU	UK
9	Institute for applied Ecology	OIKON	Croatia





#### Abstract

Boating and canal pleasure navigation are not main driving forces to increase climate change by greenhouse gas emissions and other human activities as whole. However, the pleasure navigation sector should evaluate the possibilities to contribute to a reduction of anthropogenic GHG emissions to emphasize navigation as an environmentally sound mode. Moreover, the boating and pleasure navigation could be observed as the GHG emitter on two ways as "zero-carbon" navigation or non-motorized navigation (rowboating, sailboating, yachting, rafting) and "lowcarbon" navigation or motorized pleasure navigation.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia, e-mail: propeller\_danube@yahoo.com





#### Abstract (continued)

On the other side, the climate change has a real impact on pleasure navigation with some degree of vulnerability in various and very complex ways. Obviously, potential climate changes and impacts on boating and canal navigation could be recognized in view of the operations and interruptions such as warmer water, extended boating season, periodic canal closings if flooding increases, and in view of the infrastructure such as reduced clearance under waterway bridges, the changes in navigability of canals, the changes in underwater surface and silt, reduced depth of some canals and others.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia, e-mail: propeller\_danube@yahoo.com





#### Abstract (continued)

The REACT Support Action aims to support multi-stakeholder international collaboration in climate-friendly transport research, enhance EC Member States' research efforts and cooperate with Associated States and the broader international community.

This includes the creation and exploitation of knowledge networks as well as dissemination of state-of-the-art research into alternative mobility solutions and technologies.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia, e-mail: propeller\_danube@yahoo.com





#### INTRODUCTION

"Supporting ReseArch on Climate – friendly Transport" (acronym: REACT) project, a Support Action (SA) co – financed by the Seventh EU Framework Programme, addresses climate friendly transport objectives by linking the strategies for the research and development in transport area to the climate friendliness and European climate policies. The project's vision is to raise awareness and, in parallel, to actively contribute to the shaping of a consensus among EC, Member States and Associated States RTD funding agencies. This could result in a unified and more effective means of addressing climate friendly transport challenges by fully exploiting the resources available. In this way, the project will efficiently address the social and economic imperative to improve quality of life for European citizens and future generations by avoiding resource wastage and fragmentation of research in the crucial issue of climate-friendly transport.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia, e-mail: propeller\_danube@yahoo.com





#### **INTRODUCTION (Continued)**

The boating and canal navigation sector has more capability to respond to these climate-related drivers, since in most countries adequate water resources infrastructure exists to modify run-off from precipitation. At the same time, complex political, social and environmental factors govern the balance of water resources requirements for navigation against competing needs for water supply, flood damage reduction, hydropower and irrigation.

For these reasons, this paper discusses the Strategic Research Agenda for boating and canal navigation with mitigation and adaptation measures and the aim to support research in climate-friendly boating and canal navigation.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia, e-mail: propeller\_danube@yahoo.com





## STRATEGIC RESEARCH AGENDA FOR BOATING AND CANAL NAVIGATION

A Strategic Research Agenda represents an identifiable, coherent forward looking and adaptable framework for research at the beginning of the 21st century. It gives a clear signal to all the stakeholders involved of the direction to be taken and the speed of progress needed to be made.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





# STRATEGIC RESEARCH AGENDA FOR BOATING AND CANAL NAVIGATION

The REACT SRA for boating and canal navigation (Fig. 1) considers general REACT SRA as its basic model. It shared with the other European Technology Platforms' SRA the general structure but it adopted a more quantitative and precise method for logically organise the challenges and the features of research areas:

- The high level objective is carbon reduction and derives from a future vision of the relative research sectors concerning climate-friendly transports;
- The targets related to challenges for REACT are the EU target for carbon reduction (i.e. carbon emissions reduction by 20% by 2020,);
- Research areas for REACT are the transport areas that have an impact on carbon reduction.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





## STRATEGIC RESEARCH AGENDA FOR BOATING AND CANAL NAVIGATION

The structure of Agenda is composed by three main parts:

- Research areas
- Indicator definition
- Indicator assessment.

In Fig. 1 the first column indicates the main field:

- Engineering and Information/ Communication Technology (ICT)
- Laws, Economics, Social and Politics Science.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
٨		Navigator	Human-machine- waterway/canal interface	Intelligent navigation systems	Navigator assistance, navigation aids, integrated modelling and forecasting tools interfaced with atmospheric models, Route planning parameters on energy consumption, navigation assistance systems
chnolog	avigation			New combustion concepts	Extended homogeneous range in diesel engines, low engine-out emissions
ition Te	Canal Na		Advanced fuels and technologies	Fuels and lubrificants for advanced Internal Combustion Engines (ICEs)	Adapted fuels for new combustion processes, advanced lubrificants and reduced lube oil consumption
Informa	Egineering and Informa Motorised Boating and	Boat / Vessel		Biomass derived fuels	Optimesed land use, Biomass To Liquids (BTL), step-out biomass technologies
ing and			Design and	Energy saving design and materials	Control systems, renewable materials, recycling
Egineer			Materials	Energy saving hydrodynamic profile; innovative boat concepts	Improved hull design and smooth bottom paint to reduce drag; environmentally friendly design, manufacturing and maintenance; coating performance for boats, innovative composite materials, ice and flooding control; testing infrastructure
			•		

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
nology	ation		Traffic	Boating operations and training	Environmental friendly boating operations, manoeuvring, rough whether boating operations, winter navigation, communication systems, river-lake-canal networks
on Techr	ing and Information Techn torised Boating and Canal Navige	torised Boat / Vessel Boat / Vessel	Management	Pleasure inland navigation	Promotion of pleasure inland navigation, competitiveness of pleasure navigation, innovative and sustainable pleasure inland navigation
nformati			Waste and Emissions Management	Boat emissions reduction systems	Economic retrofit-packages for existing boats/vessels; exhaust gas and water ballast monitoring equipments, end of-life strategies, recycling operations, oil removal from boatwrecks.
ing and I			Propulsion Equipment	Alternative propulsion systems	Non-fossil based propulsion (solar and wind) solutions for economic application on boats, boat propulsion - propellers
Egineer	Mo		Energy Management Systems	On board power generation and management	Use of fuel cells on boats for climate friendly on board power generation

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
logy	ion			Small port operations	Small ports and environment, navigation in small ports
Techno	l Navigat	Infrastructure / Environment	Design and Materials	Oil spill response	Oil spill management, devices, policies
mation	and Cana			Manufacturing and maintenance	Cost effective and environmental friendly manufacturing and maintenance
Egineering and Inforn Motorised Boating ar	Motorised Boating				

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
chnology	soating and gation	Boats: Sailboats, Yachts, Small fish boats, Rowboats, Canoes, Rafts, Kayaks	Design and Materials	Innovative boat concepts Manufacturing and maintenance	Improved boat design, lightweight boat components, packing, environmentaly friendly design Innovative composite materials, end-of-life strategies, recycling operations, renewable materials and energy
ion Te	orized E al Navig	Notorized Navis Canal Navis Environment	Provisions for multi carbon boating	Coasyal Zones, Anchorage, Routes	Benchmarking indicatros, promotion of nulti-carbon pleassure navigation
Informati Non-moto	Non-moto Cana		Design and Materials	Manufacturing and maintenance	Cost-effective and environmentally friendly manufacturing and maintenance
Egineering and					

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
ð		Geography	Optimisation of land and water use	Relation between morphology of the waterway/canal and mobility	Studies on the relation of the morphology of the waterways/canals and mobility
ů L				Land and Water Planning	
s Sciel			Land and water use	Integration of Spatial Planning, Land and Water Planning, Boat Transport Planning and Economic Policies	Legislation on boat transport saving, Spatial planning to promote boating and canal navigation
litc	D			Alternative fuels distribution infrastructure planning	
and Po	uic	Line Spatial Planning	Mobility planning	Boating traffic planning	Traffic planning, traffic elements, traffic calming, environmental areas, nulti-carbon boating areas
	ıl Planr			Non - motorised mobility planning	Non-motorized boat planning, infrastructure
al	atie			Public inland waterway	Inland waterway network planning
Ū.	9 bé			Traffic digital models	Mapping, GPS, Simulation
S S	5		Demand generation	Motorised boating demand	
	ίųο	Analysis Carbon footprin		Non-motorised boating demand	
mics	eogral		Carbon footprint of	Environmental parameters on boating/canal navigation	Measurement methods, integration into the information systems
cono	ඊ boating/ naviga	boating/canal navigation	Gathering of emissions' information along the waterway/canal	Measurement methods, integration into the information systems/platforms for logistic chain	
-aw, F		Management	Mobility Management	Surveys, innovative boating systems organization	Boat-pooling, boat-sharing / chartering
-		wanayement	Boating organisation	Route planning, supplying, provisions	

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
e	_		Campaigning	Awareness and campaign	Awareness / image campaigns for climate friendly navigation, health/fitness campaigns for boating, promotion of boating lifestyles, advertisement, marketing, customer acceptance,
scienc	ses and on	Education	Fuel efficient navigation	Eco-navigation	Research on parameters of change in mobility behaviour, navigator training for a fuel-saving navigation style
ss S	catio		Mobility education	Sustainable Navigation Education at School	
ite	Sc		Social marketing	Initiatives	Initiatives for climate friendly navigation
lod k	bocial Ec	Social studies		Customer Information to promote climate friendly purchase decisions	
al and	0		Mobility behaviour	Information to navigators/users	Information on boating/canal navigation system, user- friendly schedules, boat infrastructure maps; Information on long/medium/short distance alternatives for leisure,
Law, Economics, Socia		•	<u>.</u>		

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies	
			Infrastructure	Waterway/canal pricing	Allocation of infrastructure cost	
ce			pricing	Small port / marina pricing		
ien		Delatara	<b>T</b>	Fuel taxation	Fuel taxation for motor boats, reduction of tax subsidies on diesel oils, if available	
Sc		Pricing	Taxation	Motor boat taxation	Carbon emission related motor boat tax	
itcs	S	mics	Subsidies	Public navigation funding	Subsidies for public navigation system	
and Poli	Economic			Low carbon technologies funding	Subsidies for development of low emission boating; purchase subsidies	
		Analysis	External costs of navigation	Social and ecological costs of motorised navigation, internalisation of external costs		
Social			Logistics	Sustainable effects of new logistic concepts in navigation; logistic strategic agendas		
mics,				Sustainable navigation and energy systems	Indicators, tools, operational parameters, infrastructure projects, service assessments	Level and quality of service
Law, Econo						

Main field	Sector	Research Approach	Main Research Area	Specific Research Area	Studies
				Motorboat speed limits	
e			Speed Limits	Inland waterway traffic calming	
ciena			Fleet emission limits	European regulation on emission performance standards for new boats	
S				Boat labelling	
and Politcs	Policies	Policy measures	R&D Strategies on navigation emissions reduction		
al			Navigation modeling	Standardized approach for navigation modelling	
s, Soci		Other	Climate-friendly navigation research project effectiveness	Measurement, criteria	
i			Trip assistance	Internet shopping	
Law, Econom					





## STRATEGIC RESEARCH AGENDA FOR BOATING AND CANAL NAVIGATION

The second column indicates the general sector:

- Boating and canal navigation for the Engineering and ICT (motorised and nonmotorised)
- Disciplines groups for Laws, Economics, Social and Politics Science (Geography, Spatial Planning, Social Sciences and Education, Economics, Policies).

In the third column, there is the research approach:

- For every mode of boating and canal navigation the subdivision includes the three components of the system: boat/ vessel, infrastructure/ environment, navigator.
- For disciplines group, there are the singular disciplines.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





## STRATEGIC RESEARCH AGENDA FOR BOATING AND CANAL NAVIGATION

This structure has been chosen in order to guide experts towards their expertise areas, and it allows to group specific research areas in no more than one category.

In the fourth column there is the main research area. That is the focus of our interest in the sense that the consultation will be aimed to rank the specific research areas and studies (columns 5 and 6).

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### INDICATORS DEFINITION AND ASSESSMENT

The indicators could be composed by two main groups as:

- research demand indicators
- impact indicators.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### INDICATORS DEFINITION AND ASSESSMENT

The research demand indicators refer to the stage of research activity, differenticing into basic, applied and technical development, into a timeline running till the threshold of 2030. They divide into three parts:

- Basic Research contains theoretical and experimental research based on new knowledge and observable facts.
- Applied research directs towards a specific practical aim or objective.
- Technical Development draws on existing knowledge gained from research and/ or practical experience that is directed to producing new materials, products or devices, to installing new processes, systems and services, or to improving substantially those already produced or installed.

<sup>[1]</sup> Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,

<sup>[2]</sup> President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### INDICATORS DEFINITION AND ASSESSMENT

The impact indicators could be:

- Contribution in reducing GHG emissions;
- Contribution in fostering coastal and land usage;
- Contribution in fostering water usage.
- The choice of impact indicators raises a deep reflection among researches, decision-makers and other stakeholders in order to give priority to research areas, like social and economic indicators.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### CONCLUSIONS AND FURTHER RESEARCH

REACT project has an impact on three main axes:

• <u>Social impact</u>: Climate-friendly transport and mobility issue are a topic of strategic importance for everyday life, with major impact in life of human beings and its quality. REACT project will boast the formulation of scientific Member and Associated States and international networks and capitalize on these networks in delivering the Strategic Research Agenda to be adopted by public stakeholders, in order to diffuse the innovation approaches into the society, more effectively.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### **CONCLUSIONS AND FURTHER RESEARCH**

REACT project has an impact on three main axes (continued):

• <u>Economic impact</u>: Networked research communities and stakeholders with actually different origins, background and economic constellations create a critical mass in climate-friendly transport, boosting competitiveness and effective usage of research resources in the transport industry. Also, the forging of European Commission – Member States – Associated States research networks for conducting research in climate-friendly transport issues, has a near future economic impact as research is ranked first as a competitive tool for economic development and sustainability.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### CONCLUSIONS AND FURTHER RESEARCH

REACT project has an impact on three main axes (continued):

• <u>Research impact</u>: Networked scientists and companies will be supported in the creation of breakthrough knowledge and excellence. Specifically, both ICT tools and human networks are exploited in order to stimulate research and innovation as to cater the society needs and ethics. The exchange of scientific knowledge and the support of collaborative efforts stimulate to potential of accelerating the scientific excellence of research teams.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





#### **CONCLUSIONS AND FURTHER RESEARCH**

Boating is the dominant pleasure navigation mode on inland waterways and is often recognised as a sustainable, relatively energy efficient and relatively environmentally friendly form of navigation. However, boating could be still a considerable source of greenhouse gas emissions. Other environmental problems associated with boating including oil spills, air pollution, anti fouling pollution, dredging, boat scrapping and waste disposal at closed water aquatoriums. In that sense, proposed Strategic Research Agenda can help in both main fields: Engineering and ICT and Social and Politics Science in sustainable development of boating and canal navigation to time threshold to 2030.

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia





# Thank you for your attention!

## **Any questions?**

Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Vojvode Stepe 305, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia,
President of Danube Propeller – Nautical Association, Belgrade, Mihizova 22, Serbia

#### **Boating and Canal Navigation as Climate-Friendly Transport**

Zoran Radmilovic, Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering Vladislav Maras, and Krsta Paskovic, President of Danube Propeller, Belgrade, SERBIA

#### z.radmilovic@sf.bg.ac.rs

Boating and canal pleasure navigation are not main driving forces to increase climate change by greenhouse gas emissions and other human activities as whole. However, the pleasure navigation sector should evaluate the possibilities to contribute to a reduction of anthropogenic GHG emissions to emphasize navigation as an environmentally sound mode. Moreover, the boating and pleasure navigation could be observed as the GHG emitter on two ways as "zero-carbon" navigation or non-motorized navigation (rowboating, sailboating, yachting, rafting) and "low-carbon" navigation or motorized pleasure navigation.

On the other side, the climate change has a real impact on pleasure navigation with some degree of vulnerability in various and very complex ways. Obviously, potential climate changes and impacts on boating and canal navigation could be recognized in view of the operations and interruptions such as warmer water, extended boating season, periodic canal closings if flooding increases, and in view of the infrastructure such as reduced clearance under waterway bridges, the changes in navigability of canals, the changes in underwater surface and silt, reduced depth of some canals and others.

In this paper, we are presenting some research results including specially water transport and navigation from European Union project under the title "SUPPORTING RESEARCH ON CLIMATE FRIENDLY TRANSPORT" (acronym: REACT) in Seventh Framework Programme (2009-2011). The consortium of this project is composed of the following partners: Coventry University Enterprises Ltd (coordinator), Wuppertal Institute for Climate, Environment and Energy, Germany, GeoImaging Ltd, Cyprus, Poliedra, Italy, Arachni Ltd, Greece, Faulty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade, Serbia, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Croatia, Cardiff University, UK, OIKON Ltd, Croatia.

The challenges of environment protection are complex and diffuse, and so cannot be solved at the level of the individual country or pollutant. The solutions are to be found within systematic multi-disciplinary research and within the application of the concept of sustainable development with collective, societal action.

The REACT Support Action aims to support multi-stakeholder international collaboration in climate-friendly transport research, enhance EC Member States' research efforts and cooperate with Associated States and the broader international community. This includes the creation and exploitation of knowledge networks as well as dissemination of state-of-the-art research into alternative mobility solutions and technologies.

**Zoran Radmilovic,** full professor of The Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade and a regular member of the Serbian Academy of Engineering since 2008, was born in 1944. in Belgrade. He finished elementary school and the First Belgrade Gymnasium in Belgrade. He graduated in 1969., received master degree in 1979, and Ph.D. degree in 1989, all from The Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade.

He completed more specialization courses in the field of water traffic and transport (Norwegian Institute of Technology, Department for port and ocean engineering, Trondheim, 1979-1980, 6 months, the issue of specialization: Indicators that reduce the port throughput), and the Middle and Upper Danube (Serbia, Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia, Austria and Germany, from 1977 to 1984, 12 months, the issue of specialization: Inland Navigation).

He started his professional activity in Shipping and dredging company in Belgrade, working as a freelance engineer in the planning, development, design and production of building materials since 1970 to 1974. He is with The Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, University of Belgrade from 26 December, 1974. He was elected in all the titles at The Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering: Research and Teaching Assistant (1974-1979), Senior Researcher (1979-1989), Assistant Professor (1989-1994), Associate Professor (1994-2000), and Full Professor (2000-2009).

Prof. Zoran Radmilovic has gained the reputation of one of the recognized scientists, experts and pedagogues in the water traffic and transport. He has published many scientific papers in leading international journals in the field of inland waterway transport, which are cited by databases Google Scholar, Scopus and Web of Science.